

Do Aliens Exist? India, Japan Team Up To Answer Question With Giant Telescope

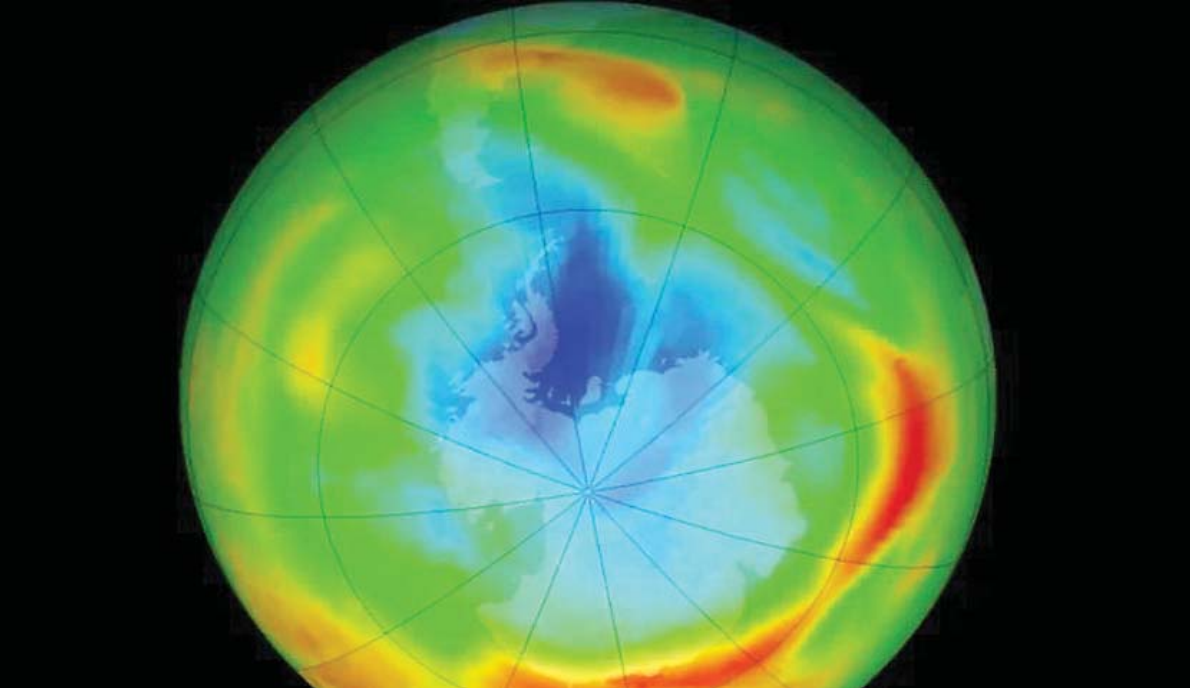


New Delhi (Agency): In a landmark collaboration, India and Japan are joining forces to build one of the world's most ambitious astronomical instruments - the Thirty Metre Telescope (TMT). This cutting-edge optical-infrared telescope, with a massive 30-metre primary mirror, promises to revolutionise our understanding of the universe and could even answer humanity's most profound question: Are we alone. The TMT project is an international partnership involving India, Japan, and two leading US universities. Its primary goal is to peer deeper into the cosmos than ever before, studying black holes, distant galaxies, and, most intriguingly, searching for signs of life beyond Earth. "Astronomers want to have a bigger mirror to collect more light from the distant universe," explained Dr. Saku Tsuneta, Vice Chair of the Committee on National Space Policy at Japan's Cabinet Office, Tokyo. "The bigger the mirror, the more discoveries you can make about very distant objects."The TMT's 30-metre mirror will dwarf existing telescopes, enabling unprecedented clarity and depth in observations. Unlike traditional telescopes with a single large mirror, TMT will use 500 precisely aligned smaller mirrors to form its giant primary mirror. This complex engineering feat requires cutting-edge technology-and that's where India plays a pivotal role. "Instead of one large mirror, we have 500 smaller mirrors consisting of one 30-metre primary mirror," said Dr. Tsuneta. "The location and angle of each mirror has to be carefully adjusted. That has been done by Indian technology." India's contribution lies in developing opto-mechanical systems that ensure these mirrors remain perfectly aligned, a critical requirement for the telescope's success. This collaboration underscores India's growing stature in global science and technology partnerships. India is a founder-member partner in this project, which aims to open new windows to the universe through optical and infrared astronomy. Indian participation in this project was approved by the Union Cabinet in 2014. India's participation in the TMT collaboration involves three institutes: the Indian Institute of Astrophysics (IIA), Bengaluru, the Inter-University Center for Astronomy and Astrophysics (IUCAA), Pune, and the Aryabhata Research Institute for Observational Sciences (ARIES), Nainital. The chosen site for TMT is Mauna Kea in Hawaii, at an altitude of 4,000 metres - a location renowned for its clear skies and minimal atmospheric interference. Japan already operates an 8.2-metre telescope there, which has been delivering ground breaking observations for over 25 years. "Our primary site for construction is Mauna Kea in Hawaii," Dr. Tsuneta confirmed. "This is one of the best sites for astronomical observation." However, the project faces challenges. Mauna Kea is considered sacred by Native Hawaiian communities, leading to protests against construction.

Antarctic Ozone Layer Shows Signs Of Recovery

New Delhi (Agency): The Antarctic ozone layer is showing signs of recovery, reaching an annual maximum of 8.83 million square miles on September 9, scientists from NASA and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) said. Even though it's huge, scientists say it's smaller than in many previous years, making it the fifth smallest ozone hole since 1992. NASA and NOAA scientists report that the ozone layer is gradually healing because of the Montreal Protocol, an international agreement that banned chemicals that destroy ozone. Scientists believe that if the trend continues, the ozone layer is expected to recover later this century fully. Paul Newman, a senior scientist with the University of Maryland, Baltimore County, and leader of the ozone research team at NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center in Greenbelt, Maryland, said, "As predicted, we're seeing ozone holes trending smaller in area than they were in the early 2000s."

"They're forming later in the season and breaking up earlier. But we still have a long way to go before it recovers to 1980s levels," he added. This year, during the depletion season between September 7 and October 13, the average size of the hole was 7.23 million square miles. It is the season when the ozone hole is the largest and it starts shrinking after the depletion season. In 2025, it is breaking up nearly three weeks earlier than usual compared to the past 10 years. Stephen Montzka, a senior scientist with NOAA's Global



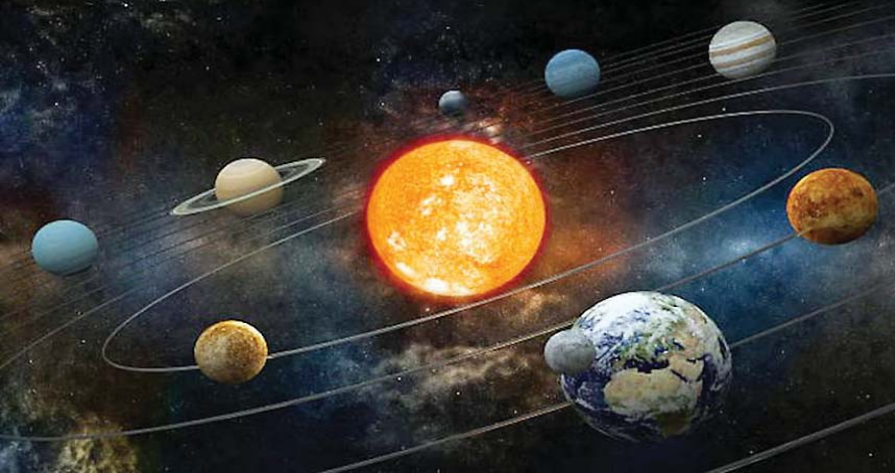
Monitoring Laboratory, said, "Since peaking around the year 2000, levels of ozone-depleting substances in the Antarctic stratosphere have declined by about a third, relative to pre-ozone-hole levels." The ozone layer, located between 7 and 31 miles above the Earth's surface, protects life on the planet by filtering dangerous UV rays. Ozone depletion occurs when human-made

compounds containing chlorine and bromine, once widely used in aerosol sprays, foams, air conditioners, and refrigerators, rise into the stratosphere.

"This year's hole would have been more than one million square miles larger if there was still as much chlorine in the stratosphere as there was 25 years ago," said Newman.

The Mystery Behind Giant Radio Relics In The Universe

New Delhi (Agency): At the largest scales of the universe, huge clusters of galaxies crash into one another in extremely slow but powerful collisions. These events leave behind giant, faint arcs, long ribbons of radio waves stretching across millions of light-years. These ghostly structures, called radio relics, are created when massive shock waves speed up electrons to nearly the speed of light. Astronomers have found many such relics, but their strange behaviour has been very hard to understand. Scientists have discovered that the magnetic fields within radio relics are much stronger than expected. Measurements using radio and X-ray light reveal different strengths of the shock waves. Further complicating the puzzlement is that X-ray data suggests that these shocks are not strong enough to accelerate electrons, raising the question of how radio relics form. A recent study by scientists at the Leibnitz Institute for Astrophysics Potsdam (AIP) in Germany offers a solution to these long-standing questions. The team used high-resolution simulations to understand how radio relics are form and how they change over time. Their model recreated the mysterious features seen in actual observations, further shedding light on the nature of these massive arc-like structures. Joseph Whittingham, the lead author of the study and a postdoctoral



researcher at AIP, explains that studying the problem at different scales was key to their success. In their paper, he and his team write that they used a large set of cosmological simulations that show how galaxy clusters evolve and collide over billions of years. In this data, they focused on an extremely powerful collision between two clusters, one about 2.5 times more massive than the other. This collision generated massive, arched shock waves extending nearly 7 million light-years. Based on these initial findings, the team further developed extremely high-resolution simulations called "shock-tubes." Through these, they were able to understand the precise physics of a single shock wave traveling through the uneven and

turbulent outer regions of a galaxy cluster. From this, they developed models that show how electrons are accelerated at the shock front and how the radio waves emitted would appear in a telescope. This multi-scale approach enables them to understand the microscopic physics that current large cosmological simulations don't fully capture.

The simulations revealed that as the shock wave moves outward from the cluster, it collides with shocks created by cold gas coming from the cosmic web. This collision transforms the plasma into a dense layer, which in turn collides with smaller clumps of gas. This creates a turbulent environment, strengthening the magnetic fields to the point where they reach values comparable to those

recorded in actual observations. Study co-author and AIP scientist Christoph Frommer explains that this entire process creates turbulence, which twists and compresses the magnetic fields, leading to the strengths astronomers have observed. This solves a previously major mystery. The study also explains why radio and X-ray measurements differ. When the shock wave collides with dense gas clumps, some parts of the shock become more powerful and accelerate electrons more efficiently. These bright and dense parts are the primary contributors to radio signals. However, X-ray instruments measure an average of the entire width of the shock, including the weaker parts. This explains the discrepancy between the two.

Simulations also show that the strongest and most confined parts of the shock wave produce almost all of the radio emission. Therefore, the low average shock strength measured by X-rays does not conflict with the mechanism of radio emission. These multi-scale simulations together reproduced the same combination of magnetic, radio, and X-ray properties seen in real radio emission. This has resolved many long-standing questions about these mysterious structures. Whittingham says this achievement inspires him to continue his research and understand the remaining mysteries of radio waves.

Hidden Deep-Earth Structures That Can Rewrite Planet's History



New Delhi (Agency): A new study offers a fresh explanation for two mysterious structures hidden nearly 1,800 miles beneath our feet. For decades, scientists have struggled to understand these enormous formations because their size, shape and strange behaviour do not match traditional ideas about how Earth formed. Now, new research published in Nature Geoscience may finally help solve this puzzle and reveal how these deep-Earth processes shaped the planet we live on today, reported Science Daily. This new understanding comes from a study by a

team led by Rutgers University geodynamicist Yoshinori Miyazaki. The research focused on two unique structures at the boundary between Earth's mantle and core, Large Low-Shear-Velocity Provinces (LLSVPs) and Ultra-Low-Velocity Zones (ULVZs).

LLSVPs are vast regions of extremely hot and dense rock, one located beneath Africa and the other beneath the Pacific Ocean. ULVZs, on the other hand, are thin, partially molten layers that appear as small pockets of sediment above the core.

Both structures significantly

attenuate seismic waves, indicating that they contain materials or conditions different from the surrounding mantle. According to Miyazaki, these structures are neither coincidental nor anomalous. He said these are like traces of Earth's early history, and understanding them could help explain how Earth formed and became habitable. Miyazaki explained that Earth was once covered by a vast ocean of molten rock. As this magma ocean cooled, scientists expected clear chemical layers to develop in the mantle, much like the separation of juice's sweet and watery parts when it freezes. But seismic studies don't reveal such layers. Instead, LLSVPs and ULVZs appear as irregular patches at the bottom of the mantle. The team believes that the missing element is Earth's core. Their models suggest that over billions of years, elements like silicon and magnesium gradually migrated from the core to the mantle. This mixing prevented the mantle from forming the expected chemical layers. This same process also shaped the unique structure of LLSVPs and ULVZs. According to the researchers, these structures are the cooled remnants of "basal magma oceans" that were altered by material ejected from the core.

Challenges Long-Held Beliefs About Formation Of The Moon

New Delhi

(Agency): For years, most people have heard the same story about how the Moon was created. A giant object the size of Mars, named Theia, crashed into Earth 4.5 billion years ago. This huge impact not only formed the Moon but also changed Earth's shape, mass, and composition. But now, new research suggests we may have misunderstood this event for a long time, reported NY Post. Scientists from the journal Science and the Max Planck Institute for Solar System Research (MPS) say the famous collision might not have happened by chance after all. Their findings could change the way we understand how the Moon, and even Earth itself, came to be. Early in the solar system, it is believed that Earth collided with a large, Mars-like object-Theia.



This powerful impact ejected a large amount of material into space, and the debris later formed the Moon. This event wasn't limited to the formation of the Moon. It also altered Earth's initial structure, giving it the mass and chemical composition it possesses today.

New studies question the idea that Theia's collision was purely coincidental. Scientists believe there may be deeper reasons behind this collision, explaining how and why it occurred.

According to researchers, the composition of a planet or celestial body holds the entire story of its formation and origin. Thorsten Klein of the Max Planck Institute for Solar System Research says that the elements present within a planet reflect its birth history. This suggests that the collision was likely part of a predetermined sequence or process, rather than just a random event. Despite these new findings, some scientists remain cautious.

Our Constitution Is World’s Largest And Unites India’s Diversity: CM Yogi



Lucknow: Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath on Wednesday said that inspired by Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the country has been celebrating Constitution Day on November 26 every year since 2015. He also pointed out that "our Constitution is the world's largest and unites India's diversity."

"The contributions of our freedom fighters and experts are the reason our Constitution is the world's largest and unites India's diversity," the Chief Minister said, noting Dr Ambedkar's assertion that the Constitution would serve as a guiding document for national unity.

Earlier, he offered floral tributes to the portraits of Bharat Mata and Dr Ambedkar, and a short film was screened. The CM also felicitated the winners of various competitions held to mark the occasion.

Recalling PM Modi's 2015 address, he

said the value of freedom often fades as people forget the sacrifices of the freedom struggle.

"Everyone talks only of rights. Rights are secured only when individuals develop the habit of fulfilling their duties. There can be no rights without duty," he said.

CM Yogi Adityanath added that India has always respected the Constitution as supreme after its implementation.

"Our symbols and freedom fighters were honoured, and efforts were made to imbibe the core values on which the Constitution was framed. A nation that progresses while respecting these values cannot be halted," he said.

He said PM Modi, during the 'Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav', presented the vision of a 'developed India' and urged citizens to commit to the 'Panch Pran (five vows)' to build a self-reliant nation. The CM stressed freedom from a mentality

of slavery and respect for the armed forces and police.

"If an individual errs, the entire system should not be blamed. They should be given the opportunity to correct themselves," he said, cautioning against widening social divides for personal gain.

He said unity, integrity and respect for heritage, including India's spiritual and cultural traditions, must remain a shared responsibility.

Disrespecting the Constitution, the CM said, would be an insult to Babasaheb Ambedkar, freedom fighters, martyrs and the poor who gained democratic rights through it. He highlighted that while many modern democracies extended voting rights to women much later, India granted universal adult franchise from the very first general election.

He said the Constitution's provisions for reservations for

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes were revolutionary steps toward social equality and inclusion.

"New India has moved rapidly to strengthen these constitutional values -- from respecting heritage to ending the mentality of slavery and promoting unity and equality," he said.

Referring to the events of November 26, 1949, when the drafting committee presented the original Constitution to the Constituent Assembly, he said every Indian should have a copy of the Constitution and the Preamble should be recited in every household.

Yogi Adityanath also spoke about the Constitution's illustrations -- such as Lord Rama returning to Ayodhya in the Pushpak Vimana, Lord Krishna imparting the Gita, and portraits of Mahatma Buddha and Emperor Ashoka -- which, he said, embody India's civilisational heritage. —IANS

'People Are Panicked... Election Commission Should Be Liberal': West Bengal Minister On SIR Lapses

Kolkata (West Bengal): West Bengal Minister Siddiquallah Chowdhury raised serious concerns over alleged lapses in the Special Intensive Revision (SIR) exercise, claiming that flaws in the system have triggered panic among voters and are reportedly linked to multiple suicides across states.

Speaking to reporters on Tuesday, Chowdhury highlighted the gravity of the situation, saying, "The reports that have come so far. Overall, in all states, 10-12 people have committed suicide. We had never seen such days before regarding the SIR. This is a glitch in the system. People are panicked because the system is not right. There should be training, there should be an environment. The Election Commission couldn't do that either. The Election Commission should be liberal; they are not representatives of any one party."

He issued a stern warning, stating, "Sahi



naam hona chahiye... naam ki katauti hogi, aag se khilwaad hoga," emphasising that any discrepancies in voter names would not be tolerated.

Earlier today, while addressing a gathering in North 24 Paraganas, Mamata Banerjee lambasted the BJP over the Special Intensive Revision (SIR) of the electoral roll in the state, saying "nobody can throw you (electors) out."

"Addressing a public meeting opposing the SIR exercise, Mamata

Banerjee confronted the BJP, stating she does not fear them. She questioned if the aim of the SIR is to remove Bangladeshi nationals from the voter list, then why is the Election Commission conducting the exercise in Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh?"

She said, "I love Bangladesh as a country, because our language is the same. I am from Birbhum, but one day they will call me Bangladeshi. PM Modi got votes in 2024 as per

the same list. If your name gets deleted, the Central government should also be deleted. Why conducting SIR in such a hurry?"

"Till I am here, I will not allow them to throw you out. Nobody can throw you out. If Bangladeshi is a problem, then why are you conducting SIR in Madhya Pradesh and UP?" she asked.

The comments come after the Election Commission of India (ECI) announced the second phase of SIR of electoral rolls across 12 states and Union Territories, with the final voter list scheduled to be published on February 7, 2026. The first phase was completed in Bihar ahead of the Assembly elections.

The ongoing SIR exercise covers Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Gujarat, Kerala, Lakshadweep, Madhya Pradesh, Puducherry, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh, and West Bengal. —ANI

Constitution Day Seminar Organized



Saharanpur (The Hawk): On the occasion of the 76th Constitution Day, the awareness organization Parcham organized a special seminar on the theme "Know Your Constitution" at Rock Wood Public School, Saharanpur. The event aimed to educate students about the significance, values, and spirit of the Indian Constitution.

Addressing the gathering as the Chief Guest, Sardar Daljit Singh Kochar said that Constitution Day is celebrated on 26 November because the Constitution of India was adopted on this date in

1949. He added that Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, known as the Father of the Indian Constitution, played a pivotal role in drafting it. Although adopted on 26 November 1949, the Constitution came into effect on 26 January 1950. This year's theme for the celebration is "Our Constitution, Our Pride."

Representing Bajoria Inter College, Pawan Rana informed the students that the Constituent Assembly took 2 years, 11 months, and 18 days to complete the drafting of the Constitution.

Program Convenor Dr. Kud Sia Anjum high-

lighted that the Constitution is not merely a legal document but a reflection of India's soul. She emphasized that it reminds citizens not only of their rights but also of their duties, granting them the freedom of expression and the right to equality.

Speaking on the occasion, Dr. Shahid Zubair, who presided over the program, stated that India has the world's largest written constitution, comprising 448 articles, 12 schedules, and 22 parts. He added that the Constitution declares India a democratic nation and guarantees equal rights to

all citizens irrespective of religion, caste, gender, or region. He further stated that the Preamble is the soul of the Constitution, and the phrase "We, the people of India" reflects the strength and unity found in the country's diversity.

During the seminar, Sajda, Anees Ahmad, and several others also shared their views. The program was conducted by Seema Zahoor. In the concluding session, Bushra led students in taking the Preamble oath – reaffirming their commitment to the values of the Constitution. The event witnessed enthusiastic participation from the school staff and a large number of students.

The approval comes on the heels of State Minister for Public Works Brijesh Singh's guidance and the relentless push from Nagar MLA Rajiv Gumber. District Collector Manish Bansal confirmed that an additional Rs 91,74,000 has already been released for the current fiscal year (2025-26), underscoring the government's commitment to improving local connectivity.

"This route is vital for the district's traffic flow," Bansal said. "We sent a proposal, the state prioritized it, and the funds are now flowing." He added that the administration is accelerating infrastructure development across the region, with both central and state agencies focusing on swift, reliable road construction.

The sanction was formally communicated through a letter from the Principal Engineer, Development, and the Head of the Public Works Department in Lucknow. With the money now unlocked, work is set to begin promptly, promising smoother rides and safer journeys for commuters on one of Saharanpur's key arteries.

Saharanpur (The Hawk): In a vibrant ceremony marking Constitution Day, Commissioner - Dr Rupesh Kumar administered the constitutional oath to all officials at the Commissioner's office, while DM Manish Bansal did the same at the Collectorate. "Through the Constitution we receive both rights and duties," Dr Kumar reminded the gathering, echoing the preamble's promise of justice, liberty and equality for every citizen.

The event launched a year-long series of programmes under the theme "Our Constitution, Our Pride." From today onward, schools and col-

leges across the district will host special assemblies dedicated to the Indian Constitution, spotlighting its unique features, the role of the Constituent Assembly and the vital contributions of its women members. The Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology is also supporting a digital oath-taking on the MyGov portal, letting citizens join the celebration online.

To spread the message further, wall-paintings of the Constitution's preamble will appear in schools, panchayats, government offices and public spaces. The celebrations will culminate on 26 Nov 2025, reinforcing the values of democ-

racy and national unity. Officials present at the oath-taking included Additional Commissioner - Bhanu Pratap Yadav, Additional Commissioner (Administration) - Ramesh Yadav, Administrative Officer Karnpal, Additional District Magistrate (Administration) - Santosh Bahadur Singh, Additional District Magistrate (Finance & Revenue) Salil Kumar Patel, and Additional District Magistrate (Judicial) Ram Asare, along with other senior staff. The district looks forward to a vibrant year of activities that will keep the spirit of the Constitution alive in every classroom and community.



A police official distributes a helmet to a commuter riding without helmet as part of an awareness campaign, in Noida, Gautam Buddha Nagar district. —PTI

Saharanpur Police Score A Major Victory In 'Operation Savera'



Saharanpur (The Hawk): In a daring midnight raid, the Saharanpur police have dealt a hefty blow to the region's drug trade. Acting on a tip-off, Sadarbar Police Station chief Kapil Dev and his team swooped on a government-licensed shop in the dead of night and arrested Asif Khan, a wanted drug trafficker carrying a Rs 20,000 bounty. From the suspect's possession they recovered 4.320 kg of smack powder, an amount valued at roughly Rs 4 crore 33 lakh on the international market.

The haul also included a Tata Tiago car, a mobile phone and Rs 7,000 in cash. Asif Khan was booked under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (NDPS) Act, and during interrogation he revealed the full extent of his network: raw material shipped from Jharkhand, processed into smack, and then distributed across several districts. Senior Superintendent of Police Ashish Tiwari praised the effort at a press conference, highlighting the leadership of Inspector Kapil Dev and the bravery of the on-ground team—Ravindra Kumar, Vipin Kumar, Lalit Kumar, Sushil Kumar and others—who didn't hesitate to act in the dark to dismantle the deal.

**GRIHUM HOUSING FINANCE LIMITED**

Registered Office: 6th Floor, B Building, Ganga Trueno, Lohsgon, Pune, Maharashtra 411014 Branch Office Unit: B, 1617, Delhi Road, Near Maharaja palace, Ahmed Bagh, Saharanpur, Uttar Pradesh -247001

E-AUCTION - SALE NOTICE
Sale of secured immovable asset under SARFAESI Act

E-auction Sale Notice for Sale of Immovable Assets under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 (the "Act") read with Rule 8 and 9 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002. Notice is hereby given to the public in general and in particular to the Borrower/ Co-Borrower/ Mortgagee (s)/Guarantor(s) that the below described immovable properties mortgaged to Grihum Housing Finance Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Secured Creditor" as per the Act), the possession of which has been taken by the Authorised Officer of Secured Creditor in exercise of powers conferred under section 13(12) of the Act read with Rules 8 and 9 of the security interest (Enforcement) Rule pursuant to notice under section 13(2) of the Act.

The Secured Assets will be sold on "As is where is", "As is what is", and "Whatever there is" basis on 29-12-2025 through E-Auction. It is hereby informed to General public that we are going to conduct public through E-Auction platform provided at the website: <https://www.bankauctions.com>. For detailed T&Cs of sale, please refer to link provided in GHFL's/Secured Creditor's website i.e. www.grihumhousing.com

Sl. No.	Proposal No. Customer Name (A)	Demand Notice Date and Outstanding Amount (B)	Nature of Possession (C)	Description of Property (D)	Reserve Price (E)	EMD (10% of RP) (F)	EMD Submission date (G)	Incremental Bid (H)	Property Inspection Date & Time (I)	Date and time of Auction (J)	Known encumbrances/ Court cases if any (K)
1	Loan No.HL0054 0100000005034637 RIZWAN (BORROWER) SAIRA (CO BORROWER)	Notice date: 09-07-2025 Total Dues: Rs. 1163457/- (Rupees Eleven Lakh Sixty Three Thousand Four Hundred Fifty Seven Only) payable as on 09-07-2025 along with interest @14.85% p.a. till the realization.	Physical	All That Piece And Parcel Of The Plot No. 36 Meas. 124.16 Sq. Yards Pertaining To Kh. No. 415 & 416 Situated At Vill Malhipur Dar Abadi Near Colony Pragna Tehsil & Distt. Saharanpur, Bounded As Below :- East: Plot No. 35, West: Plot No. 37, North: Way 18 Feet Wide, South: Plot Of Other Person.	Rs. 167588/- (Rupees Sixteen Lacs Seventy Five Thousand Eight Hundred Eighty Eight Only)	Rs. 16758.80/- (Rupees One Lacs Sixty Seven Thousand Five Hundred Eighty Eighty Paises Only)	27-12-2025 Before 5 PM	10,000/-	23-12-2025 (11AM - 4PM)	29-12-2025 (11 AM- 2PM)	NIL

The intending bidders/purchasers are advised to visit Secured Creditor Branch and the auction properties, and make his own enquiry and ascertain additional charges, encumbrances and any third-party interests and satisfy himself/ herself in all aspects thereto before submitting the bids. All statutory dues like property taxes, electricity/water dues and any other dues, if any, attached to the property to be ascertained and paid by the successful bidder.

The interested bidders are required to register themselves with the portal and obtain login ID and Password well in advance, which is mandatory for e-bidding, from auction service provider) C1 India PVT LTD. Address: Plot No-68 3rd floor Gurgaon Haryana-122003. Helpline Number- 7291981124, 25-26 Support Email id - Support@bankauctions.com. Contact Person - Dharmi P. Email id - dharnip@ciindia.com Contact No- 9946182222. Please note that Prospective bidders may avail online training on e-auction from them only. The intending purchaser/bidder is required to submit amount of the Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) by way of by way of NEFT/RTGS/DD in the account of "GRIHUM HOUSING FINANCE LIMITED - AUCTION PROCEEDS A/C", Bank-ICICI BANK LTD. Account No-091551000028 and IFSC Code: ICIC0000915, ICICI Bank Ltd. Pandeshi Tech Park, Near Ganapathi Chowk, 43/44 Viman Nagar - 411014 drawn on any nationalized or scheduled Bank on or before 27-12-2025 and register their name at <https://www.bankauctions.com> and get user ID and password free of cost and get training on e-auction from the service provider. After their Registration on the website, the intending purchaser/bidder is required to get the copies of the following documents uploaded, e-mail and sent self-attested hard copy at Address: B, 1617, Delhi Road, Near Maharaja palace, Ahmed Bagh, Saharanpur, Uttar Pradesh -247001 Mobile no. +91 956726050 e-mail ID rahul.r1@grihumhousing.com For further details on terms and conditions please visit <https://www.bankauctions.com> & www.grihumhousing.com to take part in e-auction.

This notice should also be considered as 30 DAYS (Thirty) notice to Borrower / Co-Borrower/ Mortgagee (s)/Guarantor(s) under Rule 8(6) of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rule-2002

In any case if there is any difference between the contents of local language publication and English newspaper publication, the content, of the English newspaper language published in The Hawk shall be prevail

Date: 27.11.2025 Place: SAHARANPUR

Sd/- Authorised Officer, Grihum Housing Finance Limited